

## **Rock Wool Fireseal Party Batts**

### 1. Identification

Product Name:	Rock Wool Fireseal Party Batts
Other Names:	ROCK-W-12
Recommended Use:	Used in commercial building, warehouses, homes, industrial and petrochemical plants, motor vehicles, trains, power stations, ships as thermal, acoustic and fire protection and energy conservation.
Applicable In:	Australia and New Zealand
Supplier:	Thor Building Products Pty Ltd
Address:	293 Earnshaw Road, Northgate, QLD, 4013
Telephone:	1300 880 828
Website:	www.thorbuilding.com.au
Facsimile:	07 3219 6833
Manufacturer:	PT Nichias Rockwool Indonesia - Section in charge: Quality Control Section
Telephone:	+62 264 312730
Emergency Phone Number:	000 Fire Brigade and Police (available in Australia only)
Poisons Information Centre:	13 11 26 (available in Australia only)

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is issued by Thor Building Products Pty Ltd in accordance with Worksafe Australia guidelines. As such, the information herein must not be altered, deleted or added to. Thor Building Products Pty Ltd will issue a new SDS when there is a change in product specifications and/or Worksafe Australia guidelines/regulations. Thor Building Products Pty Ltd will not accept any responsibility for any changes made to its SDS in content by any other person(s), organization or company.

### 2. Hazard(s) Identification

#### STATEMENT OF HAZARDOUS NATURE:

Classified as non-hazardous according to the criteria of the Australian Safety and Compensation Council ASCC (formerly NOHSC). Approved criteria for classifying hazardous substances (NOHSC:1008) 3rd Edition. Tombo MG Rockwool is classified as non-dangerous goods according to the Australian Code for the transport of dangerous goods by road and rail.



## 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name:	Synonyms	Proportion:	CAS Number:
Mineral Rockwool Fibre (Amorphous, non-crystalline, biosoluble Note Q applicable)		>85%	-
Heat-cured resin (fibre binding agent)		>15%	-

### 4. First Aid Measures

Swallowed:	Rinse lips and mouth with water.
Eyes:	Flush with clean water. If symptoms persist seek medical attention.
Skin:	Rinse off with water, preferably running. If itch or discomfort continues seek medical attention.
Inhaled:	Remove to fresh air. If symptoms persist seek medical attention.
Advice to Doctor:	Any symptoms and signs of ill-health are likely to be due to other causes. Can be slightly itchy on prolonged contact with skin. Does not produce any acute or chronic health effects. Treatment should be directed toward cleansing the skin, throat or eyes and symptomatic treatment as necessary.

## **5. Fire Fighting Measures**

Flammability:	This product is non-flammable.
Suitable extinguishing media:	As needed for surrounding fire conditions. Any extinguishing media may be used as required. Waterfog may be used to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.
Hazards from combustion products:	Tombo MG Rockwool / Insulation is non-flammable, but the plastic wrapping, resin binder, may decompose, smolder or burn in a fire or when heated above 250oc. If product is present in a fire, toxic gasses or smoke may be evolved depending on surrounding fire conditions.
Fire Fighting Procedures:	As needed for surrounding fire conditions. If required, evacuate area and contact emergency services; remain upwind and notify those down wind of fire hazard; and wear protective equipment including self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
HAZCHEM Code:	None allocated.



### 6. Accidental Release Measures

Containment Procedure:	If product is torn or loose, cover or reseal to minimize fibre release. Reuse where possible or place in a sealable plastic bag for disposal according to local authority guidelines.
Clean Up Procedure:	Personnel directly involved in clean up of loose material should wear personal protective equipment as described in Section 8. Clean area so as to avoid dispersion of loose material or fibres using wet sweep methods or vacuum cleaner.

## 7. Handling and Storage

	These are safe in use. Once installed, the product does not release dust or fibres.  Handling, installing or removing the product may result in some dust and airborne fibre.  Minimise eye or skin contact and inhalation during handling installation and removal (see Section 8).  Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Remove personal protective equipment before entering eating areas.
Storage:	Store in sealed container in cool, dry area, removed from foodstuffs. Ensure packages are adequately labeled protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Avoid packaging being stored under UV light (direct sunlight) for long periods.
Incompatibilities:	None

## **8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection**

National Exposure Standards:	None allocated for Tombo MG Rockwool Insulation products, which may be regarded as nuisance dusts. The supplier / distributor recommends following the National Occupational Exposure Standard (NES) Australian Safety and Compensation Council ASCC (formerly NOHSC) general guide to keep all occupational exposures to dust and other atmospheric containments to as low a level as workable.  For non-hazardous nuisance dusts: 2.0mg/m3 TWA for inspirable dusts and / or 10mg/m3 TWA for total dust (of any type or particle size).
Notes on Exposure Standards	Exposure Standard (TWA) is the time-weighted average airborne concentration over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week over an entire working life.  According to current knowledge this concentration should not impair the health or cause undue discomfort to nearly all workers.
Biological Limit Value:	No biological limit(s) allocated.
ENGINEERING CONTROLS	
Special Consideration for Repair and/or Maintenance of Contaminated Equipment:	Work areas should be cleaned regularly and vacuuming or wet sweeping is suggested. Use of personal protective equipment as outlined below is recommended during work in areas or on equipment where this product has been installed.
Ventilation:	During most installations no special ventilation will be required. However, if installing in dusty or poorly ventilated areas, or during the first heat-up cycle in high temperature industrial application, local exhaust ventilation should be considered. Work practices should aim to minimise the release of and exposure to fibres and dust. Hand tools generate the least amount of dust and fibres. If power tools are used directly on the product appropriate dust collection systems are recommended.



SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION continued		
PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMEN	PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT	
Personal Hygiene:	Personal hygiene; washing of exposed skin with soap and water at the end of a shift or as required is recommended as a comfort measure.	
Skin Protection:	Direct skin contact can be minimized by wearing long-sleeved shirts and trousers, a hat and standard duty gloves conforming to Australian Standard AS2161. Work clothes should be washed regularly and separately from other clothes.	
Eye Protection:	When handling these products especially overhead or in enclosed or poorly ventilated areas such as ceiling spaces, eye contact with dust or fibres can be avoided by wearing ventilated non-fogging dust resistant goggles conforming to Australian and New Zealand AS/NZS 1336.	
Respiratory Protection:	A class P1, P2, N95 respirator is, in all but the most dusty or poorly ventilated locations, sufficient to minimise irritation of the respiratory tract when installing this product.	
Smoking and other Dusts:	Inhalation of airborne particles from other sources, including cigarette smoke, may increase the risk of lung disease. All work and storage areas should be smoke free zones and other airborne contaminants be kept to a minimum.	

## **9. Physical and Chemical Properties**

Appearance:	The material presents as a green/yellow/brown fibrous matt. It is supplied in pre- formed Pipe Section, Flexible Blanket, Rigid Slab in various sizes, densities and thicknesses. The products are wrapped in plastic and may have Foil Facing, Black Scrim Facing, White Scrim Facing and with or without Wire Mesh
Odour:	Usually odourless but may have faint amine odour.
pH, at stated concentration:	Not applicable
Vapour Pressure/Density:	Not applicable
Boiling Point/range (°C):	Not applicable
Melting Point (°C):	Over 800o c
Solubility in water:	Insoluble
Decomposition Temperature;	Binder decomposition 250oc
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) content/Percent Volatiles:	Low
Flash Point:	Not applicable
Flash Point Method:	Not applicable
Flammable (Explosive) Limit - Upper:	Not applicable
Flammable (Explosive) Limit - Lower:	Not applicable
Auto-ignition Temperature:	Not applicable



### 10. Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability:	Stable.
Incompatible Materials:	None identified
Hazardous Reactions/Decomposition Products:	None identified

### 11. Toxicological Information

Toxicology data: The fibre make up of these products are classified by Safe Work Australia as Mineral Wool.

In accord with EU ATP 31 (2009) the fibres are not classified as irritant, and being bio-soluble they are not regarded as carcinogenic.

Tombo MG Rockwool Insulation products are bio-soluble, which means that any fibres inhaled into the lungs dissolve in body fluids and are cleared from the lungs. They are categorised as having low biopersistence eg. After inhalation, as specified under note Q as listed in the Australian Hazardous Substances Information System, and in the Australian approved criteria document. Fibres from these products comply with the short-term bio-persistence test and fulfill the requirements of international and Australian authorities on biosolubility.

International authorities and Safe Work Australia do not classify Mineral Wool fibres with biosolubility as carcinogenic.

#### Health Effects: Acute (short-term)

Swallowed:	Unlikely in normal use. If attempted to be swallowed may result in gagging, vomiting, temporary itching of lips, throat, and mouth.
Eyes:	Can cause eye discomfort, watering and redness.
Skin:	Handling may result in temporary itching of the skin. This is not an allergy and normally quickly disappears.
Inhaled:	Unprotected exposure to high levels of dust of during installation and removal may cause discomfort of the nose, throat, upper and lower respiratory tract. In particular, to persons suffering from asthma, bronchitis, hay fever and other such chest complaints.

Note: In high temperature applications above 250oc the binder in the product which is incombustible may generate steam and off gas. During this period suitable protective equipments (section 8) should be worn. Unprotected, some irritation to the eyes, nose, throat and respiratory tract may occur.

### Health Effects: Chronic (long-term)

There are no known long-term health effects.

### 12. Ecological Information

Eco-toxicity:	This product is not classified as a hazardous air pollutant. It is suggested that based upon estimates that these products are non toxic to birds, insects, fish or other organisms in the environment.
Persistence and Degradability:	Tombo MG Rockwool Insulation is bio-soluble and in most ecosystems it would be expected to solubilise over a period of weeks to months. Binder coated Rockwool in hydrophic and no adverse effects would be expected if released accidentally in water or soil.
Ozone Depleting Potential	Ozone depletion potential 0.



### 13. Disposal Considerations

Place material in plastic bags and seal for disposal according with local authority guidelines. Bags should be labeled non-hazardous insulation wool or as general building waste. Department of Environment and Climate Change NSW classifies Rockwool Insulation as general solid waste and local authorities will advise handling arrangements at the disposal sites.

### 14. Transport Information

Transport Requirements:	FBS-1 wool insulation are not classified as Dangerous Goods and have no special transport requirements.		
UN number:	None allocated	Subsidiary Risk 1:	None allocated
DG Class:	None allocated	Packaging Group:	None allocated
HAZCHEM code:	None allocated		

### 15. Regulation Information

Poisons Schedule	Not scheduled. No specific regulatory requirements are applicable regarding occupational healt	
	safety, consumer protection or environmental protection measures.	

### 16. Additional Information

The following references are intended as guides to good industrial practice applicable to building and construction products.

AS/NZS 1336	Recommended Practices for Occupational Eye Protection	
AS/NZS 1715, 1716	Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices	
AS 2161	Industrial Safety Gloves and Mittens (excluding electrical and medical gloves)	

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#### Other References:

NOHSC:1008 (2004)	Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances	
Model Code of Practice	Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals, December 2011, Safe Work Australia.	
Model Code of	Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals, December 2011, Safe Work Australia.	
Model Code of	Managing Risks Of Hazardous Chemicals In The Workplace, July 2012, Safe Work Australia.	
ADG Code	Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail, 7th edition, National Transport Commission.	
WES	Workplace Exposure Standards For Airborne Contaminants, April 2013, Safe Work Australia.	
WES	Guidance On The Interpretation Of Workplace Exposure Standards For Airborne Contaminants, April 2013, Safe Work Australia.	
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS), 5th revised edition, United Nations, New York and Geneva, 2013.	
HSIS	Hazardous Substances Information System (HSIS), internet advisory service, Safe Work Australia.	

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